

Network Working Group  
Request for Comments: 4231  
Category: Standards Track

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December 2005

Identifiers and Test Vectors for HMAC-SHA-224, HMAC-SHA-256,  
HMAC-SHA-384, and HMAC-SHA-512

Status of This Memo

This document specifies an Internet standards track protocol for the Internet community, and requests discussion and suggestions for improvements. Please refer to the current edition of the "Internet Official Protocol Standards" (STD 1) for the standardization state and status of this protocol. Distribution of this memo is unlimited.

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Abstract

This document provides test vectors for the HMAC-SHA-224, HMAC-SHA-256, HMAC-SHA-384, and HMAC-SHA-512 message authentication schemes. It also provides ASN.1 object identifiers and Uniform Resource Identifiers (URIs) to identify use of these schemes in protocols. The test vectors provided in this document may be used for conformance testing.

## Table of Contents

1.	Introduction . . . . .	2
2.	Conventions Used in This Document . . . . .	2
3.	Scheme Identifiers . . . . .	3
3.1.	ASN.1 Object Identifiers . . . . .	3
3.2.	Algorithm URIs . . . . .	3
4.	Test Vectors . . . . .	3
4.1.	Introduction . . . . .	3
4.2.	Test Case 1 . . . . .	4
4.3.	Test Case 2 . . . . .	4
4.4.	Test Case 3 . . . . .	5
4.5.	Test Case 4 . . . . .	5
4.6.	Test Case 5 . . . . .	6
4.7.	Test Case 6 . . . . .	6
4.8.	Test Case 7 . . . . .	7
5.	Security Considerations . . . . .	7
6.	Acknowledgements . . . . .	8
7.	References . . . . .	8
7.1.	Normative References . . . . .	8
7.2.	Informative References . . . . .	8

## 1. Introduction

This document provides test vectors for the HMAC-SHA-224, HMAC-SHA-256, HMAC-SHA-384, and HMAC-SHA-512 message authentication schemes. It also provides ASN.1 object identifiers and URIs to identify use of these schemes in protocols using ASN.1 constructs (such as those built on Secure/Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions (S/MIME) [4]) or protocols based on XML constructs (such as those leveraging XML Digital Signatures [5]).

HMAC-SHA-224 is the realization of the HMAC message authentication code [1] using the SHA-224 hash function, HMAC-SHA-256 is the realization of the HMAC message authentication code using the SHA-256 hash function, HMAC-SHA-384 is the realization of the HMAC message authentication code using the SHA-384 hash function, and HMAC-SHA-512 is the realization of the HMAC message authentication code using the SHA-512 hash function. SHA-224, SHA-256, SHA-384, and SHA-512 are all described in [2].

## 2. Conventions Used in This Document

The key word "SHOULD" in this document is to be interpreted as described in RFC 2119 [3].

### 3. Scheme Identifiers

#### 3.1. ASN.1 Object Identifiers

The following ASN.1 object identifiers have been allocated for these schemes:

```
rsadsi OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::=
    {iso(1) member-body(2) us(840) rsadsi(113549)}
```

```
digestAlgorithm OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {rsadsi 2}
```

```
id-hmacWithSHA224 OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {digestAlgorithm 8}
id-hmacWithSHA256 OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {digestAlgorithm 9}
id-hmacWithSHA384 OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {digestAlgorithm 10}
id-hmacWithSHA512 OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {digestAlgorithm 11}
```

When the "algorithm" component in a value of ASN.1 type `AlgorithmIdentifier` (see, e.g., [4], Section 10) identifies one of these schemes, the "parameter" component SHOULD be present but have type `NULL`.

#### 3.2. Algorithm URIs

The following URIs have been allocated for these schemes:

```
http://www.rsasecurity.com/rsalabs/pkcs/schemas/pkcs-5#hmac-sha-224
http://www.rsasecurity.com/rsalabs/pkcs/schemas/pkcs-5#hmac-sha-256
http://www.rsasecurity.com/rsalabs/pkcs/schemas/pkcs-5#hmac-sha-384
http://www.rsasecurity.com/rsalabs/pkcs/schemas/pkcs-5#hmac-sha-512
```

As usual, when used in the context of [5], the `<ds:HMACOutputLength>` element may specify the truncated length of the scheme output.

### 4. Test Vectors

#### 4.1. Introduction

The test vectors in this document have been cross-verified by three independent implementations. An implementation that concurs with the results provided in this document should be interoperable with other similar implementations.

Keys, data, and digests are provided in hex.



## 4.4. Test Case 3

Test with a combined length of key and data that is larger than 64 bytes (= block-size of SHA-224 and SHA-256).

```

Key          aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa          (20 bytes)
              aaaaaaaa
Data =       ddddddddddddddddddddddddddddddd
              ddddddddddddddddddddddddddd
              ddddddddddddddddddddddddddd
              dddd                                     (50 bytes)

HMAC-SHA-224 = 7fb3cb3588c6clf6ffa9694d7d6ad264
                9365b0clf65d69d1ec8333ea
HMAC-SHA-256 = 773ea91e36800e46854db8ebd09181a7
                2959098b3ef8c122d9635514ced565fe
HMAC-SHA-384 = 88062608d3e6ad8a0aa2ace014c8a86f
                0aa635d947ac9febe83ef4e55966144b
                2a5ab39dc13814b94e3ab6e101a34f27
HMAC-SHA-512 = fa73b0089d56a284efb0f0756c890be9
                b1b5dbdd8ee81a3655f83e33b2279d39
                bf3e848279a722c806b485a47e67c807
                b946a337bee8942674278859e13292fb

```

## 4.5. Test Case 4

Test with a combined length of key and data that is larger than 64 bytes (= block-size of SHA-224 and SHA-256).

```

Key =         0102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f10
              111213141516171819          (25 bytes)
Data =       cdcdcdcdcdcdcdcdcdcdcdcdcdcdcdcdcd
              cdcdcdcdcdcdcdcdcdcdcdcdcdcdcdcd
              cdcdcdcdcdcdcdcdcdcdcdcdcdcdcdcd
              cdcd                                     (50 bytes)
              cdcd

HMAC-SHA-224 = 6c11506874013cac6a2abc1bb382627c
                ec6a90d86efc012de7afec5a
HMAC-SHA-256 = 82558a389a443c0ea4cc819899f2083a
                85f0faa3e578f8077a2e3ff46729665b
HMAC-SHA-384 = 3e8a69b7783c25851933ab6290af6ca7
                7a9981480850009cc5577c6e1f573b4e
                6801dd23c4a7d679ccf8a386c674cffb
HMAC-SHA-512 = b0ba465637458c6990e5a8c5f61d4af7
                e576d97ff94b872de76f8050361ee3db
                a91ca5c11aa25eb4d679275cc5788063
                a5f19741120c4f2de2adebebl0a298dd

```



#### 4.8. Test Case 7

Test with a key and data that is larger than 128 bytes (= block-size of SHA-384 and SHA-512).

```

Key =      aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa
           aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa
           aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa
           aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa
           aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa
           aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa
           aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa
           aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa
           aaaaaa                                     (131 bytes)

Data =     54686973206973206120746573742075      ("This is a test u")
           73696e672061206c6172676572207468      ("sing a larger th")
           616e20626c6f636b2d73697a65206b65      ("an block-size ke")
           7920616e642061206c61726765722074      ("y and a larger t")
           68616e20626c6f636b2d73697a652064      ("han block-size d")
           6174612e20546865206b6579206e6565      ("ata. The key nee")
           647320746f2062652068617368656420      ("ds to be hashed ")
           6265666f7265206265696e6720757365      ("before being use")
           642062792074686520484d414320616c      ("d by the HMAC al")
           676f726974686d2e                        ("gorithm.")

HMAC-SHA-224 = 3a854166ac5d9f023f54d517d0b39dbd
               946770db9c2b95c9f6f565d1
HMAC-SHA-256 = 9b09ffa71b942fcb27635fbcd5b0e944
               bfdc63644f0713938a7f51535c3a35e2
HMAC-SHA-384 = 6617178e941f020d351e2f254e8fd32c
               602420feb0b8fb9adccebb82461e99c5
               a678cc31e799176d3860e6110c46523e
HMAC-SHA-512 = e37b6a775dc87dbaa4dfa9f96e5e3ffd
               debd71f8867289865df5a32d20cdc944
               b6022cac3c4982b10d5eeb55c3e4de15
               134676fb6de0446065c97440fa8c6a58

```

#### 5. Security Considerations

This document is intended to provide the identifications and test vectors for the four identified message authentication code schemes to the Internet community. No assertion of the security of these message authentication code schemes for any particular use is intended. The reader is referred to [1] for a discussion of the general security of the HMAC construction.

## 6. Acknowledgements

The test cases in this document are derived from the test cases in [6], although the keys and data are slightly different.

Thanks to Jim Schaad and Brad Hards for assistance in verifying the results.

## 7. References

### 7.1. Normative References

- [1] Krawczyk, H., Bellare, M., and R. Canetti, "HMAC: Keyed-Hashing for Message Authentication", RFC 2104, February 1997.
- [2] National Institute of Standards and Technology, "Secure Hash Standard", FIPS 180-2, August 2002, with Change Notice 1 dated February 2004.
- [3] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, March 1997.

### 7.2. Informative References

- [4] Housley, R., "Cryptographic Message Syntax (CMS)", RFC 3852, July 2004.
- [5] Eastlake 3rd, D., Reagle, J., and D. Solo, "(Extensible Markup Language) XML-Signature Syntax and Processing", RFC 3275, March 2002.
- [6] Cheng, P. and R. Glenn, "Test Cases for HMAC-MD5 and HMAC-SHA-1", RFC 2202, September 1997.

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## Acknowledgement

Funding for the RFC Editor function is currently provided by the Internet Society.

